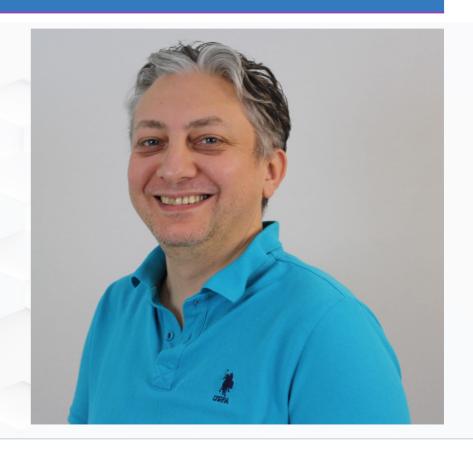






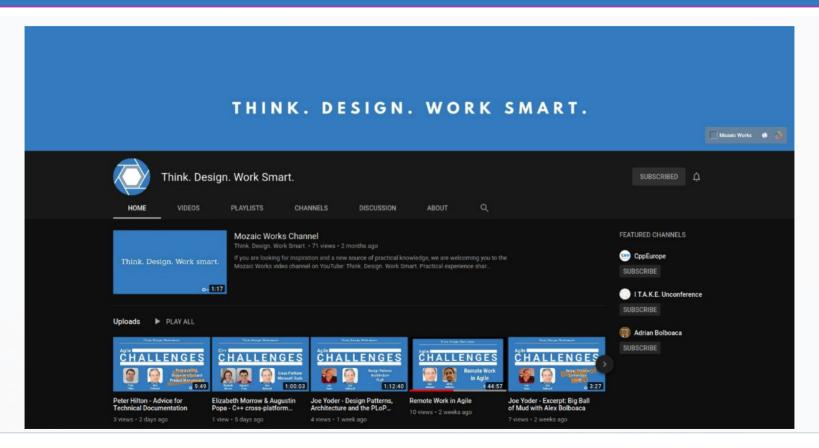
Me?

- * Almost 20 years experience
- * Polyglot programmer, trainer, and coach at Mozaic Works
- * Author
- Software Crafter
- Speaker and facilitator around Europe



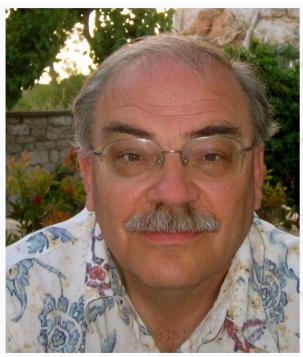


Recently, YouTuber





Why was OOP necessary?



Allen Wirfs-Brock, pioneer of personal computing

- * Structuring the code for simulations
- * Some simulations are based on maths
- * Others require messaging



Even weirder connections



Alan Kay

- * "Every object should have an URL"
- * OOP meant "messaging, local retention and protection and hiding of state-process, and extreme late-binding of all things"



The similarity is uncanny

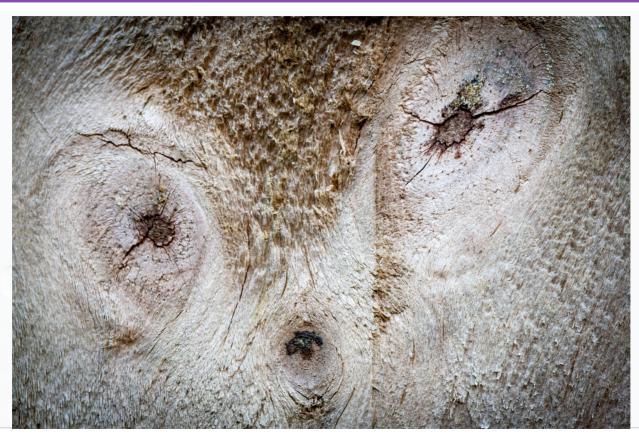


Photo by Holger Link on Unsplash



So, design principles

- * UNIX design principles
- * Low coupling, high cohesion
- * SOLID Principles



UNIX Design Principles

- * Rule of Modularity: Write simple parts connected by clean interfaces.
- * Rule of Composition: Design programs to be connected to other programs.
- * Rule of Separation: Separate policy from mechanism; separate interfaces from engines.

- * Rule of Parsimony: Write a big program only when it is clear by demonstration that nothing else will do.
- * Rule of Representation: Fold knowledge into data so program logic can be stupid and robust.
- * Rule of Extensibility: Design for the future, because it will be here sooner than you think.

http://www.catb.org/esr/writings/taoup/html/ch01s06.html

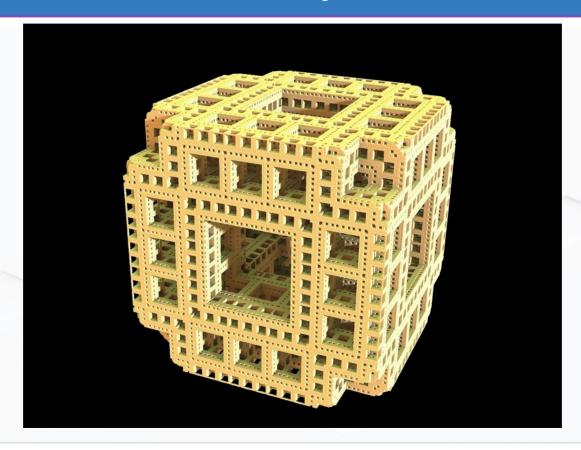


UNIX Design Principles

"This is the Unix philosophy:
Write programs that do one thing and do it well.
Write programs to work together.
Write programs to handle text streams,
because that is a universal interface."



The similarity is uncanny





Perhaps old principles apply

- * Microservices are a new iteration of older ideas:
 - modularity
 - managing complexity
 - parallel development
- * But microservices moved at a higher level



Encapsulation



- * A language mechanism for restricting direct access to some of the object's components.
- * A language construct that facilitates the bundling of data with the methods (or other functions) operating on that data.



Encapsulation for Microservices

- * Each microservice with its own database
- * Nobody else can access a microservice database
- * Currently hidden under a kind of web API



Low Coupling



- * Coupling = the degree of interdependence between software modules
- * Low coupling in softtware = reduced coupling surface

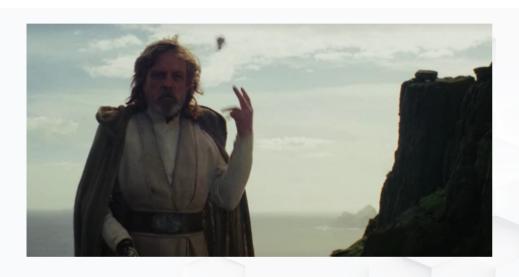


Low coupling for microservices?

- * Lack of dependencies between the components
- * Lack of knowledge of another microservice
- * Indirection through an event bus



High Cohesion



* Cohesion = "the degree to which the elements inside a module belong together"



High cohesion for microservices?

- * Small
- * Interface as small as possible, but not smaller



Single Responsibility Principle

* "every module or class should have responsibility over a single part of the functionality provided by the software, and that responsibility should be entirely encapsulated by the class, module or function"



Open Closed Principle

- * "software entities (classes, modules, functions, etc.) should be open for extension, but closed for modification"
- * that is, such an entity can allow its behaviour to be extended without modifying its source code.



So, applying design principles

- * Low coupling, high cohesion, SRP, ISP, OCP → Small microservices, with a single goal
- * Encapsulation, high cohesion, OCP → own database
- * Low coupling → communicate through events



What about LSP?

* if S is a subtype of T, then objects of type T may be replaced with objects of type S (i.e. an object of type T may be substituted with any object of a subtype S) without altering any of the desirable properties of the program



Modularity





Modularity

"the degree to which a system's components may be separated and recombined, often with the benefit of flexibility and variety in use"



Replaceable Modules?

- * LSP is about replaceability in classes
- * But classes are classifications of objects
- * "Classes" of microservices need to share the API and the contract to be replaceable



In an image...





